

SMALL DIFFERENCES. BIG IMPACT.

## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

# SIGNIFICANT BITRATE IMPROVEMENTS IN THE CATV NETWORK BY EXCHANGING PASSIVES

For the full benefit of the bitrates, offered by DOCSIS 3.1, the carrier-to-noise-ratio (CNR) must exceed minimum values. From a large scale (1 M subscribers) network upgrade, zooming in on a single segment shows MER (hence CNR) improvements above 4 dB, by exchanging the distributions passives only – with a minimum investment.

The benefits are improvements in the network capacity, the subscriber satisfaction, and reduced maintenance cost.

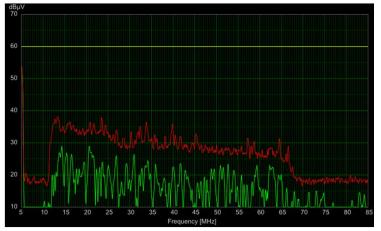


3.1

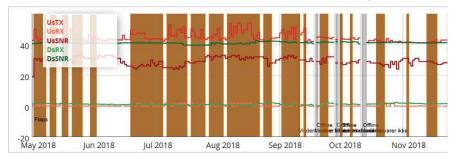
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# NETWORK PERFORMANCE

IN THE SEGMENT BEFORE EXCHANGE

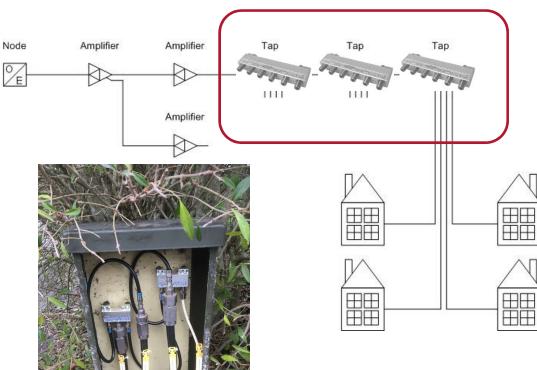


Upstream spectrum: Noise floor >30 dB $\mu$ V



Modem stability: Vertical lines = connectivity problems

#### WHAT WE DID





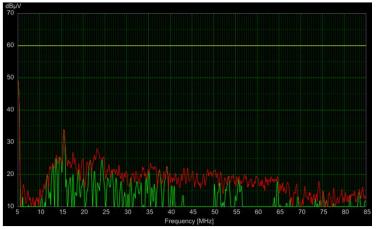
#### EXCHANGE OF PASSIVES

- 320 modems
- 380 homes connected
- Area 1.5 km<sup>2</sup>

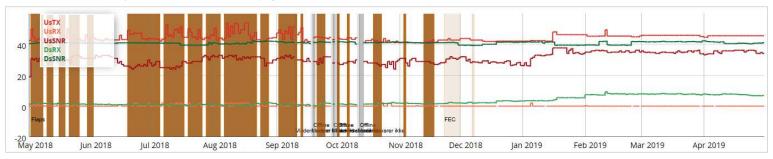
All taps and splitters in the distribution network are replaced with 1300 MHz passives with nickeltin plated brass connectors, in a one-to-one exchange; e.g. a 2-tap 16 dB is replaced by a 2-tap 16 dB.

# NETWORK PERFORMANCE

IN THE SEGMENT AFTER EXCHANGE

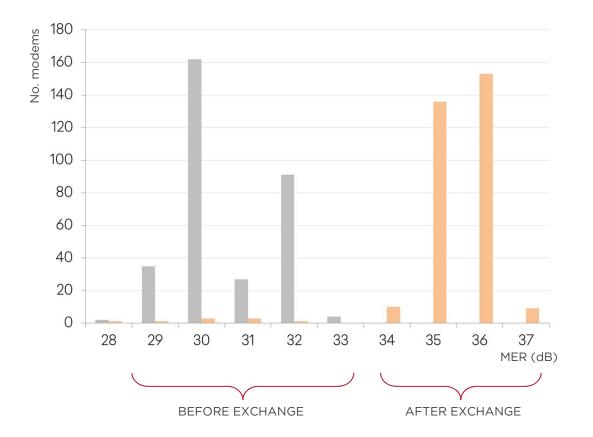


Upstream spectrum: Noise floor <25 dB $\mu$ V



Modem stability: No connectivity problems after Dec 2018

# UPSTREAM MER





The histogram shows the distribution of the modems against their reported upstream MER

- Prior to the exchange (grey)
- After the exchange (orange)

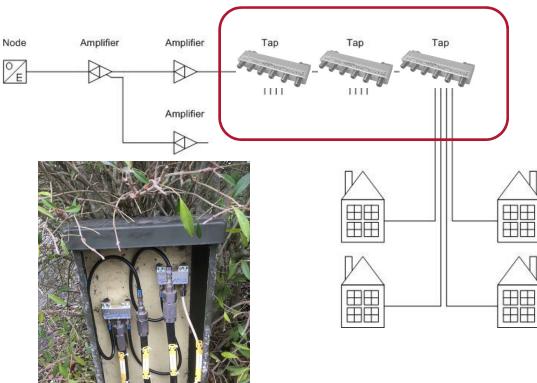
Before the exchange most of the modems have an upstream MER in the range  $31 \text{ dB} \pm 2 \text{ dB}$ 

After the exchange most of the modems have an upstream MER in the range  $35.5 \text{ dB} \pm 1.5 \text{ dB}$ 

Note: MER=36 covers the interval 35.1-36.0 dB



### WHAT WE LEARNED

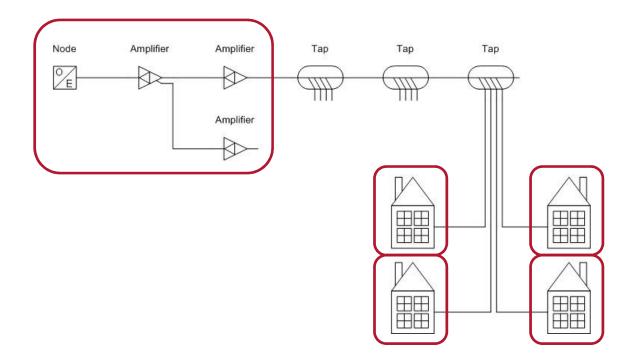




#### EXPENSES: 25 EUR/HOMES PASSED

- Improving the network capacity
- Increasing network up time
- Minimizing customer dissatisfaction
- Reducing maintenance cost by 60 %

### WHAT TO DO NEXT





### EXCHANGE THE NODE AND THE AMPLIFIERS

- Additional MER improvement
- Further connectivity stability
- Full DOCSIS 3.1 spectrum

#### SEPARATE THE IN-HOME MODEM PATH FROM THE DVB-C DISTRIBUTION

- Minimize upstream noise
- Control downstream connection
- Consider galvanic isolation
- Consider LTE noise



- Exchanging distribution passives in the CATV network gives considerable improvements in the upstream MER
- Customers experience a far more stable connection
- Full benefits are obtained by isolating the in-home modem connection from the in-home DVB-C distribution
- Downstream MER improves slightly by the same upgrade; the limiting factor being the in-home network
- Data analysis of modem parameters clearly highlights mediocre in-home networks needing improvements
- The obtained MER improvements enable maximum DOCSIS 3.1 bitrates
- Higher bitrates significantly decreases the need for investments in nodes split

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